

## Product datasheet for RC206026L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## NISCH (NM\_007184) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** NISCH (NM\_007184) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: NISCH

**Synonyms:** hIRAS; I-1; IR1; IRAS

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_007184 **ORF Size:** 4512 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206026).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 007184.2

 RefSeq Size:
 5252 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 4515 bp

 Locus ID:
 11188

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y2I1

Cytogenetics: 3p21.1

Domains: LRR, PX, LRR\_SD22

Protein Families: Druggable Genome







**MW:** 166.7 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes a nonadrenergic imidazoline-1 receptor protein that localizes to the cytosol and anchors to the inner layer of the plasma membrane. The orthologous mouse protein has been shown to influence cytoskeletal organization and cell migration by binding to alpha-5-beta-1 integrin. In humans, this protein has been shown to bind to the adapter insulin receptor substrate 4 (IRS4) to mediate translocation of alpha-5 integrin from the cell membrane to endosomes. Expression of this protein was reduced in human breast cancers while its overexpression reduced tumor growth and metastasis; possibly by limiting the expression of alpha-5 integrin. In human cardiac tissue, this gene was found to affect cell growth and death while in neural tissue it affected neuronal growth and differentiation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding differerent isoforms. Some isoforms lack the expected C-terminal domains of a functional imidazoline receptor. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2013]