

Product datasheet for RC205940L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ERp57 (PDIA3) (NM_005313) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ERp57 (PDIA3) (NM 005313) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ERp57

Synonyms: ER60; ERp57; ERp60; ERp61; GRP57; GRP58; HEL-S-93n; HEL-S-269; HsT17083; P58; PI-PLC

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_005313 **ORF Size:** 1515 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205940).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

Domains:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005313.4

 RefSeq Size:
 3060 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1518 bp

 Locus ID:
 2923

 UniProt ID:
 P30101

 Cytogenetics:
 15q15.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

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ERp57 (PDIA3) (NM_005313) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205940L4V

Protein Pathways: Antigen processing and presentation

MW: 56.78 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a protein of the endoplasmic reticulum that interacts with lectin

chaperones calreticulin and calnexin to modulate folding of newly synthesized glycoproteins. The protein was once thought to be a phospholipase; however, it has been demonstrated that the protein actually has protein disulfide isomerase activity. It is thought that complexes of lectins and this protein mediate protein folding by promoting formation of disulfide bonds in their glycoprotein substrates. This protein also functions as a molecular chaperone that

prevents the formation of protein aggregates. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2016]