

Product datasheet for RC205939L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

HLAE (HLA-E) (NM_005516) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: HLAE (HLA-E) (NM_005516) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: HLAE

Synonyms: HLA-6.2; QA1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_005516 **ORF Size:** 1074 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205939).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005516.4, NP 005507.3

 RefSeq Size:
 2679 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1077 bp

 Locus ID:
 3133

 UniProt ID:
 P13747

 Cytogenetics:
 6p22.1

Domains: MHC_I, ig, IGc1

Protein Families: Transmembrane





HLAE (HLA-E) (NM_005516) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205939L2V

Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Antigen processing and presentation, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell

adhesion molecules (CAMs), Endocytosis, Graft-versus-host disease, Natural killer cell

mediated cytotoxicity, Type I diabetes mellitus, Viral myocarditis

MW: 40.1 kDa

Gene Summary: HLA-E belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a

heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. HLA-E binds a restricted subset of peptides derived from the leader peptides of other class I molecules. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon one encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domains, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exons 6 and 7 encode the

cytoplasmic tail. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]