

## Product datasheet for **RC205911L4V**

### Glypican 3 (GPC3) (NM\_004484) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Glypican 3 (GPC3) (NM_004484) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GPC3
Synonyms:	DGSX; GTR2-2; MXR7; OCI-5; SDYS; SGB; SGBS; SGBS1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_004484
ORF Size:	1740 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205911).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_004484.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	2382 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1743 bp
Locus ID:	2719
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P51654</a>
Cytogenetics:	Xq26.2
Domains:	Glypican
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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**MW:** 65.62 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycans are composed of a membrane-associated protein core substituted with a variable number of heparan sulfate chains. Members of the glypican-related integral membrane proteoglycan family (GRIPS) contain a core protein anchored to the cytoplasmic membrane via a glycosyl phosphatidylinositol linkage. These proteins may play a role in the control of cell division and growth regulation. The protein encoded by this gene can bind to and inhibit the dipeptidyl peptidase activity of CD26, and it can induce apoptosis in certain cell types. Deletion mutations in this gene are associated with Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome, also known as Simpson dysmorphia syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]