

Product datasheet for RC205880L4V

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KDEL Receptor (KDELR1) (NM 006801) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: KDEL Receptor (KDELR1) (NM_006801) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: KDEL Receptor

Synonyms: ERD2; ERD2.1; HDEL; PM23

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_006801

ORF Size: 636 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205880).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 006801.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1575 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 639 bp

 Locus ID:
 10945

 UniProt ID:
 P24390

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.33

Domains: ER_lumen_recept

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Vibrio cholerae infection

MW: 24.5 kDa

Gene Summary: Retention of resident soluble proteins in the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) is

achieved in both yeast and animal cells by their continual retrieval from the cis-Golgi, or a pre-Golgi compartment. Sorting of these proteins is dependent on a C-terminal tetrapeptide

signal, usually lys-asp-glu-leu (KDEL) in animal cells, and his-asp-glu-leu (HDEL) in S. cerevisiae. This process is mediated by a receptor that recognizes, and binds the tetrapeptide-containing protein, and returns it to the ER. In yeast, the sorting receptor encoded by a single gene, ERD2, which is a seven-transmembrane protein. Unlike yeast, several human homologs of the ERD2 gene, constituting the KDEL receptor gene family, have been described. The protein encoded by this gene was the first member of the family to be

identified, and it encodes a protein structurally and functionally similar to the yeast ERD2

gene product. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]