

Product datasheet for RC205795L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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DLX3 (NM_005220) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: DLX3 (NM 005220) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DLX3

Synonyms: Al4; TDO

Mammalian Cell N

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_005220

ORF Size: 861 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205795).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005220.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2613 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 864 bp

 Locus ID:
 1747

 UniProt ID:
 060479

 Cytogenetics:
 17q21.33

Domains: homeobox

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors







MW: 31.7 kDa

Gene Summary:

Many vertebrate homeo box-containing genes have been identified on the basis of their sequence similarity with Drosophila developmental genes. Members of the Dlx gene family contain a homeobox that is related to that of Distal-less (Dll), a gene expressed in the head and limbs of the developing fruit fly. The Distal-less (Dlx) family of genes comprises at least 6 different members, DLX1-DLX6. Trichodentoosseous syndrome (TDO), an autosomal dominant condition, has been correlated with DLX3 gene mutation. This gene is located in a tail-to-tail configuration with another member of the gene family on the long arm of chromosome 17. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the autosomal dominant conditions trichodentoosseous syndrome and amelogenesis imperfecta with taurodontism. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]