

## Product datasheet for RC205791L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## **CALML3 (NM\_005185) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** CALML3 (NM\_005185) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CALML3

Synonyms: CLP

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_005185

ORF Size: 447 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205791).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 005185.1</u>

RefSeq Size:1417 bpRefSeq ORF:450 bpLocus ID:810

 UniProt ID:
 P27482

 Cytogenetics:
 10p15.1





## CALML3 (NM\_005185) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205791L4V

Protein Pathways: Alzheimer's disease, Calcium signaling pathway, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Insulin

signaling pathway, Long-term potentiation, Melanogenesis, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Olfactory transduction, Oocyte meiosis, Phosphatidylinositol signaling system, Vascular

smooth muscle contraction

**MW:** 16.9 kDa

**Gene Summary:** May function as a specific light chain of unconventional myosin-10 (MYO10), also enhances

MYO10 translation, possibly by acting as a chaperone for the emerging MYO10 heavy chain

protein. May compete with calmodulin by binding, with different affinities, to cellular

substrates.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]