

## Product datasheet for **RC205782L1V**

### **KCTD11 (NM\_001002914) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	KCTD11 (NM_001002914) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	KCTD11
Synonyms:	C17orf36; KCASH1; REN; REN/KCTD11
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001002914
ORF Size:	696 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205782).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001002914.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	3081 bp
RefSeq ORF:	699 bp
Locus ID:	147040
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q693B1</a>
Cytogenetics:	17p13.1
Protein Families:	Ion Channels: Other
MW:	25.9 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

Plays a role as a marker and a regulator of neuronal differentiation; Up-regulated by a variety of neurogenic signals, such as retinoic acid, epidermal growth factor/EGF and NGFB/nerve growth factor. Induces apoptosis, growth arrest and the expression of cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor CDKN1B. Plays a role as a tumor repressor and inhibits cell growth and tumorigenicity of medulloblastoma (MDB). Acts as probable substrate-specific adapter for a BCR (BTB-CUL3-RBX1) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex towards HDAC1. Functions as antagonist of the Hedgehog pathway on cell proliferation and differentiation by affecting the nuclear transfer of transcription factor GLI1, thus maintaining cerebellar granule cells in undifferentiated state, this effect probably occurs via HDAC1 down-regulation, keeping GLI1 acetylated and inactive. When knock-down, Hedgehog antagonism is impaired and proliferation of granule cells is sustained. Activates the caspase cascade.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]