

Product datasheet for RC205778L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

TRIP6 (NM_003302) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TRIP6 (NM_003302) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TRIP6

Synonyms: OIP-1; OIP1; TRIP-6; TRIP6i2; ZRP-1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003302 **ORF Size:** 1428 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205778).

Sequence:

Domains:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003302.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1762 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1431 bp

 Locus ID:
 7205

 UniProt ID:
 Q15654

 Cytogenetics:
 7q22.1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

LIM





TRIP6 (NM_003302) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205778L4V

Protein Pathways: NOD-like receptor signaling pathway

MW: 50.3 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the zyxin family and encodes a protein with three LIM zinc-binding

domains. This protein localizes to focal adhesion sites and along actin stress fibers.

Recruitment of this protein to the plasma membrane occurs in a lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)-dependent manner and it regulates LPA-induced cell migration. Alternatively spliced variants which encode different protein isoforms have been described; however, not all variants have

been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]