

Product datasheet for RC205692L2V

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Alkaline Phosphatase (ALPL) (NM 000478) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Alkaline Phosphatase (ALPL) (NM_000478) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Alkaline Phosphatase

Synonyms: AP-TNAP; APTNAP; HOPS; HPPA; HPPC; HPPI; HPPO; TNALP; TNAP; TNSALP

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_000478 **ORF Size:** 1572 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205692).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000478.3

RefSeq Size: 2606 bp
RefSeq ORF: 1575 bp
Locus ID: 249

 UniProt ID:
 P05186

 Cytogenetics:
 1p36.12

Domains: alk_phosphatase

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





Alkaline Phosphatase (ALPL) (NM_000478) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC205692L2V

Protein Pathways: Folate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

MW: 57.3 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the alkaline phosphatase family of proteins. There are at

least four distinct but related alkaline phosphatases: intestinal, placental, placental-like, and liver/bone/kidney (tissue non-specific). The first three are located together on chromosome 2, while the tissue non-specific form is located on chromosome 1. The product of this gene is a membrane bound glycosylated enzyme that is not expressed in any particular tissue and is, therefore, referred to as the tissue-nonspecific form of the enzyme. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate the mature enzyme. This enzyme may play a role in bone mineralization. Mutations in this gene have been linked to hypophosphatasia, a disorder that is characterized by hypercalcemia and skeletal defects. [provided by RefSeq, Oct

2015]