

Product datasheet for RC205691L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PXR (NR1I2) (NM_003889) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PXR (NR1I2) (NM_003889) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PXR

Synonyms: BXR; ONR1; PAR; PAR1; PAR2; PARq; PRR; PXR; SAR; SXR

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003889 **ORF Size:** 1299 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205691).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003889.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4446 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1305 bp

 Locus ID:
 8856

 UniProt ID:
 075469

 Cytogenetics:
 3q13.33

Domains: HOLI, zf-C4

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors





MW: 49.6 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene product belongs to the nuclear receptor superfamily, members of which are transcription factors characterized by a ligand-binding domain and a DNA-binding domain. The encoded protein is a transcriptional regulator of the cytochrome P450 gene CYP3A4, binding to the response element of the CYP3A4 promoter as a heterodimer with the 9-cis retinoic acid receptor RXR. It is activated by a range of compounds that induce CYP3A4, including dexamethasone and rifampicin. Several alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different isoforms, some of which use non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation codon, have been described for this gene. Additional transcript variants exist, however, they have not been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]