

## Product datasheet for **RC205676L3V**

### Troponin I fast skeletal muscle (TNNI2) (NM\_003282) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Troponin I fast skeletal muscle (TNNI2) (NM_003282) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Troponin I fast skeletal muscle
Synonyms:	AMCD2B; DA2B; DA2B1; FSSV; fsTnI
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003282
ORF Size:	546 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205676).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_003282.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	738 bp
RefSeq ORF:	549 bp
Locus ID:	7136
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P48788</a>
Cytogenetics:	11p15.5
Domains:	Troponin



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**MW:** 21.3 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a fast-twitch skeletal muscle protein, a member of the troponin I gene family, and a component of the troponin complex including troponin T, troponin C and troponin I subunits. The troponin complex, along with tropomyosin, is responsible for the calcium-dependent regulation of striated muscle contraction. Mouse studies show that this component is also present in vascular smooth muscle and may play a role in regulation of smooth muscle function. In addition to muscle tissues, this protein is found in corneal epithelium, cartilage where it is an inhibitor of angiogenesis to inhibit tumor growth and metastasis, and mammary gland where it functions as a co-activator of estrogen receptor-related receptor alpha. This protein also suppresses tumor growth in human ovarian carcinoma. Mutations in this gene cause myopathy and distal arthrogyrosis type 2B. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009]