

Product datasheet for RC205669L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CAMK2B (NM_172081) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CAMK2B (NM 172081) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CAMK2E

Synonyms: CAM2; CAMK2; CAMKB; CaMKIlbeta; MRD54

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_172081 **ORF Size:** 1509 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205669).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 172081.1

RefSeq Size:4097 bpRefSeq ORF:1512 bpLocus ID:816

 UniProt ID:
 Q13554

 7.13

Cytogenetics: 7p13

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





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Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, ErbB signaling pathway, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Long-

term potentiation, Melanogenesis, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Olfactory transduction,

Oocyte meiosis, Wnt signaling pathway

MW: 56.4 kDa

Gene Summary: The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinase family and to the

Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. In mammalian cells, the enzyme is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The product of this gene is

a beta chain. It is possible that distinct isoforms of this chain have different cellular

localizations and interact differently with calmodulin. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]