

Product datasheet for RC205390L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GABA A Receptor alpha 1 (GABRA1) (NM_000806) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: GABA A Receptor alpha 1 (GABRA1) (NM_000806) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GABA A Receptor alpha 1

Synonyms: DEE19; ECA4; EIEE19; EJM; EJM5

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_000806

ORF Size: 1368 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205390).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 000806.3</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3678 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1371 bp

 Locus ID:
 2554

 UniProt ID:
 P14867

Cytogenetics: 5q34

Domains: Neur_chan_memb, Neur_chan_LBD





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Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 51.6 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) receptor. GABA is the major inhibitory

neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at GABA-A receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. Chloride conductance of these channels can be modulated by agents such as benzodiazepines that bind to the GABA-A receptor. GABA-A receptors are pentameric, consisting of proteins from several subunit classes: alpha, beta, gamma, delta and rho. Mutations in this gene cause juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and childhood absence epilepsy type 4. Multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified

for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]