

Product datasheet for RC205345L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

SV2B (NM_014848) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: SV2B (NM 014848) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SV2B

Synonyms: HsT19680

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

ACCN:

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

NM 014848

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 2049 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205345).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 014848.4

 RefSeq Size:
 11361 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2052 bp

 Locus ID:
 9899

 UniProt ID:
 Q7L112

 Cytogenetics:
 15q26.1

Domains: sugar_tr

Protein Families: Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





SV2B (NM_014848) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205345L3V

Protein Pathways: ECM-receptor interaction

MW: 77.4 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the synaptic vesicle proteins 2 (SV2) family and major

facilitator superfamily of proteins. This protein and other members of the family are localized to synaptic vesicles and may function in the regulation of vesicle trafficking and exocytosis. Studies in mice suggest that the encoded protein may act as a protein receptor for botulinum neurotoxin E in neurons, and that this protein may be important for the integrity of the glomerular filtration barrier. This gene shows reduced expression in areas of synaptic loss in the hippocampus of human temporal lobe epilepsy patients. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2016]