

Product datasheet for RC205254L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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STK36 (NM_015690) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: STK36 (NM 015690) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: STK36 **Synonyms:** FU

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_015690

 ORF Size:
 3945 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205254).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 015690.2

RefSeq Size: 4887 bp
RefSeq ORF: 3948 bp
Locus ID: 27148
UniProt ID: Q9NRP7
Cytogenetics: 2q35

Domains: pkinase, TyrKc, S_TKc

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





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Protein Pathways: Basal cell carcinoma, Hedgehog signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer

MW: 143.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the serine/threonine kinase family of enzymes. This family

member is similar to a Drosophila protein that plays a key role in the Hedgehog signaling pathway. This human protein is a positive regulator of the GLI zinc-finger transcription factors. Knockout studies of the homologous mouse gene suggest that defects in this human gene may lead to congenital hydrocephalus, possibly due to a functional defect in motile cilia. Because Hedgehog signaling is frequently activated in certain kinds of gastrointestinal cancers, it has been suggested that this gene is a target for the treatment of these cancers. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq,

Aug 2011]