

## Product datasheet for RC205218L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TKTL1 (NM\_012253) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TKTL1 (NM 012253) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TKTL<sup>2</sup>

**Synonyms:** TKR; TKT2

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection: Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_012253 **ORF Size:** 1788 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205218).

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Cytogenetics:

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 012253.2, NP 036385.2

Xq28

 RefSeq Size:
 2652 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1791 bp

 Locus ID:
 8277

 UniProt ID:
 P51854

**Domains:** transketolase, transket\_pyr, transketolase\_C

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





## TKTL1 (NM\_012253) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC205218L4V

**Protein Pathways:** Metabolic pathways, Pentose phosphate pathway

**MW:** 65.4 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a transketolase that acts as a homodimer and catalyzes

the conversion of sedoheptulose 7-phosphate and D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate to D-ribose 5-phosphate and D-xylulose 5-phosphate. This reaction links the pentose phosphate pathway with the glycolytic pathway. Variations in this gene may be the cause of Wernicke-Korsakoff syndrome. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this

gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011]