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Product datasheet for RC205202L3V

CAMK2A (NM_171825) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Droduct Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Type:	
Product Name:	CAMK2A (NM_171825) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CAMK2A
Synonyms:	CAMKA; CaMKIIalpha; CaMKIINalpha; MRD53; MRT63
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_171825
ORF Size:	1434 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC205202).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 171825.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	4885 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1437 bp
Locus ID:	815
UniProt ID:	<u>Q9UQM7</u>
Cytogenetics:	5q32
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase



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Protein Pathways:	Calcium signaling pathway, ErbB signaling pathway, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Long- term potentiation, Melanogenesis, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Olfactory transduction, Oocyte meiosis, Wnt signaling pathway
MW:	54.1 kDa
Gene Summary:	The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinases family, and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. This calcium calmodulin-dependent protein kinase is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The alpha chain encoded by this gene is required for hippocampal long-term potentiation (LTP) and spatial learning. In addition to its calcium-calmodulin (CaM)-dependent activity, this protein can undergo autophosphorylation, resulting in CaM-independent activity. Several transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2018]

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