

Product datasheet for RC204878L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Glucocorticoid Receptor (NR3C1) (NM_001018074) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Glucocorticoid Receptor (NR3C1) (NM_001018074) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: Glucocorticoid Receptor

Synonyms: GCCR; GCR; GCRST; GR; GRL

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM 001018074

ORF Size: 2331 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204878).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001018074.1, NP 001018084.1

 RefSeq Size:
 6614 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2334 bp

 Locus ID:
 2908

 UniProt ID:
 P04150

 Cytogenetics:
 5q31.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors





Glucocorticoid Receptor (NR3C1) (NM_001018074) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC204878L3V

Protein Pathways: Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 85.5 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes glucocorticoid receptor, which can function both as a transcription factor

that binds to glucocorticoid response elements in the promoters of glucocorticoid responsive genes to activate their transcription, and as a regulator of other transcription factors. This receptor is typically found in the cytoplasm, but upon ligand binding, is transported into the nucleus. It is involved in inflammatory responses, cellular proliferation, and differentiation in

target tissues. Mutations in this gene are associated with generalized glucocorticoid

resistance. Alternative splicing of this gene results in transcript variants encoding either the same or different isoforms. Additional isoforms resulting from the use of alternate in-frame translation initiation sites have also been described, and shown to be functional, displaying diverse cytoplasm-to-nucleus trafficking patterns and distinct transcriptional activities

(PMID:15866175). [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]