

## Product datasheet for **RC204864L1V**

### Sprouty 2 (SPRY2) (NM\_005842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Sprouty 2 (SPRY2) (NM_005842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Sprouty 2
Synonyms:	hSPRY2; IGAN3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_005842
ORF Size:	945 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204864).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_005842.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	2126 bp
RefSeq ORF:	948 bp
Locus ID:	10253
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">O43597</a>
Cytogenetics:	13q31.1
Domains:	Sprouty
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



[View online »](#)

**Protein Pathways:** Jak-STAT signaling pathway

**MW:** 34.7 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a protein belonging to the sprouty family. The encoded protein contains a carboxyl-terminal cysteine-rich domain essential for the inhibitory activity on receptor tyrosine kinase signaling proteins and is required for growth factor stimulated translocation of the protein to membrane ruffles. In primary dermal endothelial cells this gene is transiently upregulated in response to fibroblast growth factor two. This protein is indirectly involved in the non-cell autonomous inhibitory effect on fibroblast growth factor two signaling. The protein interacts with Cas-Br-M (murine) ectropic retroviral transforming sequence, and can function as a bimodal regulator of epidermal growth factor receptor/mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling. This protein may play a role in alveoli branching during lung development as shown by a similar mouse protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]