

## Product datasheet for RC204743L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## PSG2 (NM\_031246) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** PSG2 (NM\_031246) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PSG2

Synonyms: CEA; PSBG2; PSG1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_031246 **ORF Size:** 1005 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204743).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 031246.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1612 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1008 bp

 Locus ID:
 5670

 UniProt ID:
 P11465

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.31

 Domains:
 ig, IGc2, IG

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein







**MW:** 37.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

The human pregnancy-specific glycoproteins (PSGs) are a family of proteins that are synthesized in large amounts by placental trophoblasts and released into the maternal circulation during pregnancy. Molecular cloning and analysis of several PSG genes has indicated that the PSGs form a subgroup of the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) gene family, which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily of genes. Members of the CEA family consist of a single N domain, with structural similarity to the immunoglobulin variable domains, followed by a variable number of immunoglobulin constant-like A and/or B domains. Most PSGs have an arg-gly-asp (RGD) motif, which has been shown to function as an adhesion recognition signal for several integrins, in the N-terminal domain (summary by Teglund et al., 1994 [PubMed 7851896]). For additional general information about the PSG gene family, see PSG1 (MIM 176390).[supplied by OMIM, Oct 2009]