

## Product datasheet for RC204723L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## SH2D1A (NM\_002351) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** SH2D1A (NM\_002351) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SH2D1A

Synonyms: DSHP; EBVS; IMD5; LYP; MTCP1; SAP; SAP/SH2D1A; XLP; XLPD; XLPD1

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_002351

ORF Size: 384 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204723).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002351.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2523 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 387 bp

 Locus ID:
 4068

 UniProt ID:
 060880

Cytogenetics: Xq25

Domains: SH2

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





## SH2D1A (NM\_002351) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC204723L4V

**Protein Pathways:** Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity

**MW:** 14.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a protein that plays a major role in the bidirectional stimulation of T and B

cells. This protein contains an SH2 domain and a short tail. It associates with the signaling lymphocyte-activation molecule, thereby acting as an inhibitor of this transmembrane protein by blocking the recruitment of the SH2-domain-containing signal-transduction molecule SHP-2 to its docking site. This protein can also bind to other related surface molecules that are expressed on activated T, B and NK cells, thereby modifying signal transduction pathways in these cells. Mutations in this gene cause lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked type 1 or Duncan disease, a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus, with symptoms including severe mononucleosis and malignant lymphoma. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]