

Product datasheet for RC204671L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Neuroligin 4 (NLGN4X) (NM 181332) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Neuroligin 4 (NLGN4X) (NM_181332) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Neuroligin 4

Synonyms: ASPGX2; AUTSX2; HLNX; HNL4X; NLGN4

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_181332 **ORF Size:** 2448 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204671).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 181332.1

RefSeq Size: 5889 bp
RefSeq ORF: 2451 bp
Locus ID: 57502
UniProt ID: Q8N0W4

Cytogenetics: Xp22.32-p22.31

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)





MW: 91.9 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the type-B carboxylesterase/lipase protein family. The encoded protein belongs to a family of neuronal cell surface proteins. Members of this family may act as splice site-specific ligands for beta-neurexins and may be involved in the formation and remodeling of central nervous system synapses. The encoded protein interacts with discs large homolog 4 (DLG4). Mutations in this gene have been associated with autism and Asperger syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]