

Product datasheet for RC204358L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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TCP1 epsilon (CCT5) (NM_012073) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TCP1 epsilon (CCT5) (NM_012073) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TCP1 epsilon

Synonyms: CCT-epsilon; CCTE; HEL-S-69; PNAS-102; TCP-1-epsilon

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_012073 **ORF Size:** 1623 bp

ORF Nucleotide

1023 bp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC204358).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 012073.3

 RefSeq Size:
 3403 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1626 bp

 Locus ID:
 22948

 UniProt ID:
 P48643

 Cytogenetics:
 5p15.2

Domains: cpn60_TCP1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





MW: 59.7 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a molecular chaperone that is a member of the chaperonin containing TCP1 complex (CCT), also known as the TCP1 ring complex (TRiC). This complex consists of two identical stacked rings, each containing eight different proteins. Unfolded polypeptides enter the central cavity of the complex and are folded in an ATP-dependent manner. The complex folds various proteins, including actin and tubulin. Mutations in this gene cause hereditary sensory and autonomic neuropathy with spastic paraplegia (HSNSP). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 5 and 13. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015]