

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Product datasheet for RC203765L3V

MAT1A (NM_000429) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	MAT1A (NM_000429) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MAT1A
Synonyms:	MAT; MATA1; SAMS; SAMS1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000429
ORF Size:	1185 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203765).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 000429.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	3419 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1188 bp
Locus ID:	4143
UniProt ID:	<u>Q00266</u>
Cytogenetics:	10q22.3
Domains:	S-AdoMet_synt
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

ORIGENE MAT1A (NM_000429) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC203765L3V	
Protein Pathways	Cysteine and methionine metabolism, Metabolic pathways, Selenoamino acid metabolism
MW:	43.6 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene catalyzes a two-step reaction that involves the transfer of the adenosyl moiety of ATP to methionine to form S-adenosylmethionine and tripolyphosphate, which is subsequently cleaved to PPi and Pi. S-adenosylmethionine is the source of methyl groups for most biological methylations. The encoded protein is found as a homotetramer (MAT I) or a homodimer (MAT III) whereas a third form, MAT II (gamma), is encoded by the MAT2A gene. Mutations in this gene are associated with methionine adenosyltransferase deficiency. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US