

Product datasheet for RC203709L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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EWSR1 (NM_005243) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: EWSR1 (NM_005243) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: EWSR1

Synonyms: bK984G1.4; EWS; EWS-FLI1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 005243

ORF Size: 1965 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203709).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005243.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2679 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1971 bp

 Locus ID:
 2130

 UniProt ID:
 Q01844

 Cytogenetics:
 22q12.2

Domains: RRM, zf-RanBP

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transcription Factors





ORIGENE

MW: 68.4 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a multifunctional protein that is involved in various cellular processes, including gene expression, cell signaling, and RNA processing and transport. The protein includes an N-terminal transcriptional activation domain and a C-terminal RNA-binding domain. Chromosomal translocations between this gene and various genes encoding transcription factors result in the production of chimeric proteins that are involved in tumorigenesis. These chimeric proteins usually consist of the N-terminal transcriptional activation domain of this protein fused to the C-terminal DNA-binding domain of the transcription factor protein. Mutations in this gene, specifically a t(11;22)(q24;q12) translocation, are known to cause Ewing sarcoma as well as neuroectodermal and various other tumors. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 1 and 14. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2009]