

Product datasheet for RC203695L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

C6orf211 (ARMT1) (NM 024573) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: C6orf211 (ARMT1) (NM_024573) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: C6orf211 C6orf211 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Myc-DDK Tag: ACCN: NM 024573 **ORF Size:** 1323 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203695).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 024573.1

RefSeq Size: 2572 bp RefSeq ORF: 1326 bp Locus ID: 79624 **UniProt ID:** Q9H993 Cytogenetics: 6q25.1 **Domains:** DUF89 MW:

51 kDa





Gene Summary:

Metal-dependent phosphatase that shows phosphatase activity against several substrates, including fructose-1-phosphate and fructose-6-phosphate (By similarity). Its preference for fructose-1-phosphate, a strong glycating agent that causes DNA damage rather than a canonical yeast metabolite, suggests a damage-control function in hexose phosphate metabolism (By similarity). Has also been shown to have O-methyltransferase activity that methylates glutamate residues of target proteins to form gamma-glutamyl methyl ester residues (PubMed:25732820). Possibly methylates PCNA, suggesting it is involved in the DNA damage response (PubMed:25732820). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]