

Product datasheet for RC203643L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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beta Actin (ACTB) (NM 001101) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: beta Actin (ACTB) (NM 001101) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: beta Actin

Synonyms: BRWS1; PS1TP5BP1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_001101

 ORF Size:
 1125 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203643).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001101.2

RefSeq Size: 1793 bp
RefSeq ORF: 1128 bp

Locus ID: 60

UniProt ID: P60709

Cytogenetics: 7p22.1

Domains: ACTIN

Protein Families: ES Cell Differentiation/IPS





Protein Pathways:

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Adherens junction, Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Dilated cardiomyopathy, Focal adhesion, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Tight junction, Vibrio cholerae infection, Viral myocarditis

MW:

41.6 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, integrity, and intercellular signaling. The encoded protein is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins that are ubiquitously expressed. Mutations in this gene cause Baraitser-Winter syndrome 1, which is characterized by intellectual disability with a distinctive facial appearance in human patients. Numerous pseudogenes of this gene have been identified throughout the human genome. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]