

Product datasheet for **RC203493L3V**

RRAGA (NM_006570) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Lentiviral Particles |
| Product Name: | RRAGA (NM_006570) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle |
| Symbol: | RRAGA |
| Synonyms: | FIP-1; FIP1; RAGA |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin |
| Vector: | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092) |
| Tag: | Myc-DDK |
| ACCN: | NM_006570 |
| ORF Size: | 939 bp |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence: | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203493). |
| OTI Disclaimer: | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info |
| OTI Annotation: | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. |
| RefSeq: | NM_006570.4 |
| RefSeq Size: | 1657 bp |
| RefSeq ORF: | 942 bp |
| Locus ID: | 10670 |
| UniProt ID: | Q7L523 |
| Cytogenetics: | 9p22.1 |
| Domains: | Gtr1_RagA |
| MW: | 36.6 kDa |


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Gene Summary:

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein that plays a crucial role in the cellular response to amino acid availability through regulation of the mTORC1 signaling cascade. Forms heterodimeric Rag complexes with RRAGC or RRAGD and cycles between an inactive GDP-bound and an active GTP-bound form. In its active form participates in the relocalization of mTORC1 to the lysosomes and its subsequent activation by the GTPase RHEB. Involved in the RCC1/Ran-GTPase pathway. May play a direct role in a TNF-alpha signaling pathway leading to induction of cell death. May alternatively act as a cellular target for adenovirus E3-14.7K, an inhibitor of TNF-alpha functions, thereby affecting cell death.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]