

Product datasheet for RC203458L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PRMT5 (NM_006109) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PRMT5 (NM_006109) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PRMT5

Synonyms: HRMT1L5; HSL7; IBP72; JBP1; SKB1; SKB1Hs

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_006109 **ORF Size:** 1911 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203458).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 006109.3</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2541 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1914 bp

 Locus ID:
 10419

 UniProt ID:
 014744

 Cytogenetics:
 14q11.2

 Domains:
 Skb1

Protein Families: Stem cell - Pluripotency





ORIGENE

MW: 72.7 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes an enzyme that belongs to the methyltransferase family. The encoded protein catalyzes the transfer of methyl groups to the amino acid arginine, in target proteins that include histones, transcriptional elongation factors and the tumor suppressor p53. This gene plays a role in several cellular processes, including transcriptional regulation, and the assembly of small nuclear ribonucleoproteins. A pseudogene of this gene has been defined on chromosome 4. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]