## Product datasheet for RC203317L3V

## ATP6J (ATP6V1G1) (NM_004888) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## Product data:

Product Type:
Product Name:
Symbol:
Synonyms:
Mammalian Cell
Selection:
Vector:
Tag:
ACCN:
ORF Size:
ORF Nucleotide
Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

OTI Annotation:

RefSeq:
RefSeq Size:
RefSeq ORF:
Locus ID:
UniProt ID:
Cytogenetics:
Domains:

Lentiviral Particles
ATP6J (ATP6V1G1) (NM_004888) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
ATP6J
ATP6G; ATP6G1; ATP6GL; ATP6J; Vma10
Puromycin
pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Myc-DDK
NM_004888
354 bp
The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203317).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

## NM 004888.2

1611 bp
357 bp
9550
075348
9q32
V-ATPase_G

| Protein Pathways: | Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative <br> phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection |
| :--- | :--- |
| MW: | 13.8 kDa |
| Gene Summary: | This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that <br> mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle <br> acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen <br> activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. |
|  | V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 <br> domain consists of three A, three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. |
|  | The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The protein encoded by this gene is one of <br> three V1 domain G subunit proteins. Pseudogenes of this gene have been characterized. |
|  | [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |

