

Product datasheet for RC203304L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Cullin 2 (CUL2) (NM_003591) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Cullin 2 (CUL2) (NM_003591) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Cullin 2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003591 **ORF Size:** 2235 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203304).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 003591.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4238 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2238 bp

 Locus ID:
 8453

 UniProt ID:
 Q13617

 Cytogenetics:
 10p11.21

Domains: CULLIN

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Pathways in cancer, Renal cell carcinoma, Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis





MW: 87 kDa

Gene Summary:

Core component of multiple cullin-RING-based ECS (ElonginB/C-CUL2/5-SOCS-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes, which mediate the ubiquitination of target proteins. ECS complexes and ARIH1 collaborate in tandem to mediate ubiquitination of target proteins (PubMed:27565346). May serve as a rigid scaffold in the complex and may contribute to catalysis through positioning of the substrate and the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme. The E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity of the complex is dependent on the neddylation of the cullin subunit and is inhibited by the association of the deneddylated cullin subunit with TIP120A/CAND1. The functional specificity of the ECS complex depends on the substrate recognition component. ECS(VHL) mediates the ubiquitination of hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]