

Product datasheet for RC203204L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PSMD2 (NM_002808) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PSMD2 (NM_002808) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PSMD2

Synonyms: P97; RPN1; S2; TRAP2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_002808

ORF Size: 2724 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203204).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 002808.3

 RefSeq Size:
 3076 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2727 bp

 Locus ID:
 5708

 UniProt ID:
 Q13200

 Cytogenetics:
 3q27.1

Domains: PC_rep

Protein Families: Druggable Genome







Protein Pathways: Proteasome

MW: 100.2 kDa

Gene Summary: The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure

transcript variants of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes one of the non-ATPase subunits of the 19S regulator lid. In addition to participation in proteasome function, this subunit may also participate in the TNF signalling pathway since it interacts with the tumor necrosis factor type 1 receptor. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 1. Alternative splicing results in multiple