

Product datasheet for RC203030L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Apc5 (ANAPC5) (NM_016237) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Apc5 (ANAPC5) (NM_016237) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Apc5 Synonyms: APC5

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_016237

 ORF Size:
 2265 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203030).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 016237.3, NP 057321.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2625 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2268 bp

 Locus ID:
 51433

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UJX4

 Cytogenetics:
 12q24.31

Domains: TPR

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





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Protein Pathways: Cell cycle, Oocyte meiosis, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Ubiquitin mediated

proteolysis

MW: 85.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a tetratricopeptide repeat-containing component of the anaphase

promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), a large E3 ubiquitin ligase that controls cell cycle progression by targeting a number of cell cycle regulators such as B-type cyclins for 26S proteasome-mediated degradation through ubiquitination. The encoded protein is required for the proper ubiquitination function of APC/C and for the interaction of APC/C with transcription coactivators. It also interacts with polyA binding protein and represses internal ribosome entry site-mediated translation. Multiple transcript variants encoding different

isoforms have been found for this gene. These differences cause translation initiation at a downstream AUG and result in a shorter protein (isoform b), compared to isoform a.

[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2008]