

Product datasheet for RC203027L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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G protein coupled receptor 30 (GPER1) (NM_001039966) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: G protein coupled receptor 30 (GPER1) (NM_001039966) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: G protein coupled receptor 30

Synonyms: CEPR; CMKRL2; DRY12; FEG-1; GPCR-Br; GPER; GPR30; LERGU; LERGU2; LyGPR; mER

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM 001039966

ORF Size: 1125 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC203027).

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001039966.1, NP 001035055.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2981 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1128 bp

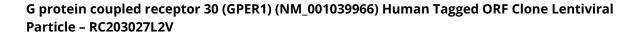
 Locus ID:
 2852

 UniProt ID:
 Q99527

 Cytogenetics:
 7p22.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane







MW: 42.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a multi-pass membrane protein that localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and a member of the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. This receptor binds estrogen and activates multiple downstream signaling pathways, leading to stimulation of adenylate cyclase and an increase in cyclic AMP levels, while also promoting intracellular calcium mobilization and synthesis of phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate in the nucleus. This protein therefore plays a role in the rapid nongenomic signaling events widely observed following stimulation of cells and tissues with estrogen. This receptor has been shown to play a role in diverse biological processes, including bone and nervous system development, metabolism, cognition, male fertility and uterine function. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]