

Product datasheet for RC202893L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GTP cyclohydrolase 1 (GCH1) (NM 000161) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: GTP cyclohydrolase 1 (GCH1) (NM_000161) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GTP cyclohydrolase 1

Synonyms: DYT5; DYT5a; DYT14; GCH; GTP-CH-1; GTPCH1; HPABH4B

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_000161

ORF Size: 753 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202893).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000161.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2941 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 753 bp

 Locus ID:
 2643

 UniProt ID:
 P30793

 Cytogenetics:
 14q22.2

Domains: GTP_cyclohydrol

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





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Protein Pathways: Folate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

MW: 27.9 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the GTP cyclohydrolase family. The encoded protein is the

first and rate-limiting enzyme in tetrahydrobiopterin (BH4) biosynthesis, catalyzing the conversion of GTP into 7,8-dihydroneopterin triphosphate. BH4 is an essential cofactor required by aromatic amino acid hydroxylases as well as nitric oxide synthases. Mutations in this gene are associated with malignant hyperphenylalaninemia and dopa-responsive dystonia. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described; however, not all variants give rise to a functional enzyme. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]