

## Product datasheet for RC202824L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## MAN1B1 (NM\_016219) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** MAN1B1 (NM\_016219) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: MAN1B1

**Synonyms:** ERMAN1; ERManl; MANA-ER; MRT15

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_016219 **ORF Size:** 2097 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202824).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 016219.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2787 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2100 bp

 Locus ID:
 11253

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UKM7

 Cytogenetics:
 9q34.3

Domains: Glyco\_hydro\_47

Protein Families: Transmembrane





## MAN1B1 (NM\_016219) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC202824L2V

**Protein Pathways:** Metabolic pathways, N-Glycan biosynthesis

**MW:** 79.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes an enzyme belonging to the glycosyl hydrolase 47 family. This enzyme

functions in N-glycan biosynthesis, and is a class I alpha-1,2-mannosidase that specifically converts Man9GlcNAc to Man8GlcNAc isomer B. It is required for N-glycan trimming to Man5-6GlcNAc2 in the endoplasmic-reticulum-associated degradation pathway. Mutations in this gene cause autosomal-recessive intellectual disability. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 11. [provided

by RefSeq, Dec 2011]