

## Product datasheet for RC202798L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## ACADM (NM\_000016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ACADM (NM 000016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ACADM

Synonyms: ACAD1; MCAD; MCADH

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_000016 **ORF Size:** 1263 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

OTI Disclaimer:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202798).

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 000016.2

RefSeq Size: 2623 bp RefSeq ORF: 1266 bp

Locus ID: 34

UniProt ID: P11310
Cytogenetics: 1p31.1

**Domains:** Acyl-CoA\_dh, Acyl-CoA\_dh\_M, Acyl-CoA\_dh\_N

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





## ACADM (NM\_000016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC202798L4V

**Protein Pathways:** beta-Alanine metabolism, Fatty acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways, PPAR signaling

pathway, Propanoate metabolism, Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation

MW: 46.6 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes the medium-chain specific (C4 to C12 straight chain) acyl-Coenzyme A

dehydrogenase. The homotetramer enzyme catalyzes the initial step of the mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway. Defects in this gene cause medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency, a disease characterized by hepatic dysfunction, fasting

hypoglycemia, and encephalopathy, which can result in infantile death. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]