

Product datasheet for **RC202740L2V**

Prostate Specific Antigen (KLK3) (NM_001648) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Prostate Specific Antigen (KLK3) (NM_001648) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Prostate Specific Antigen
Synonyms:	APS; hK3; KLK2A1; PSA
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001648
ORF Size:	783 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202740).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001648.2 , NP_001639.1
RefSeq Size:	1464 bp
RefSeq ORF:	786 bp
Locus ID:	354
UniProt ID:	P07288
Cytogenetics:	19q13.33
Domains:	Tryp_SPc
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein



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Protein Pathways: Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer

MW: 28.7 kDa

Gene Summary: Kallikreins are a subgroup of serine proteases having diverse physiological functions. Growing evidence suggests that many kallikreins are implicated in carcinogenesis and some have potential as novel cancer and other disease biomarkers. The gene is one of the fifteen kallikrein subfamily members located in a cluster on chromosome 19. It encodes a single-chain glycoprotein, a protease which is synthesized in the epithelial cells of the prostate gland, and is present in seminal plasma. It is thought to function normally in the liquefaction of seminal coagulum, presumably by hydrolysis of the high molecular mass seminal vesicle protein. The serum level of this protein, called PSA in the clinical setting, is useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of prostatic carcinoma. Alternate splicing of this gene generates several transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]