

## Product datasheet for **RC202617L1V**

### **BAIAP2L1 (NM\_018842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	BAIAP2L1 (NM_018842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	BAIAP2L1
Synonyms:	IRTKS
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_018842
ORF Size:	1533 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202617).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_018842.3</a>
RefSeq Size:	3682 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1536 bp
Locus ID:	55971
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q9UHR4</a>
Cytogenetics:	7q21.3-q22.1
Domains:	SH3
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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**MW:** 56.9 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the IMD (IRSp53/MIM homology domain) family. Members of this family can be subdivided in two groups, the IRSp53-like and MIM-like, based on the presence or absence of the SH3 (Src homology 3) domain. The protein encoded by this gene contains a conserved IMD, also known as F-actin bundling domain, at the N-terminus, and a canonical SH3 domain near the C-terminus, so it belongs to the IRSp53-like group. This protein is the substrate for insulin receptor tyrosine kinase and binds to the small GTPase Rac. It is involved in signal transduction pathways that link deformation of the plasma membrane and remodeling of the actin cytoskeleton. It also promotes actin assembly and membrane protrusions when overexpressed in mammalian cells, and is essential to the formation of a potent actin assembly complex during EHEC (Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli) pedestal formation. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]