

Product datasheet for RC202544L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

HEY2 (NM_012259) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: HEY2 (NM_012259) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: HEY2

Synonyms: bHLHb32; CHF1; GRIDLOCK; GRL; HERP1; HESR2; HRT2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_012259 **ORF Size:** 1011 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202544).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 012259.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2672 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1014 bp

 Locus ID:
 23493

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UBP5

 Cytogenetics:
 6q22.31

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

MW: 35.8 kDa







Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the hairy and enhancer of split-related (HESR) family of basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH)-type transcription factors. The encoded protein forms homo- or hetero-dimers that localize to the nucleus and interact with a histone deacetylase complex to repress transcription. Expression of this gene is induced by the Notch signal transduction pathway. Two similar and redundant genes in mouse are required for embryonic cardiovascular development, and are also implicated in neurogenesis and somitogenesis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found, but their biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]