

Product datasheet for RC202511L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

COX5B (NM 001862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: COX5B (NM_001862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: **COXVB** Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

mGFP Tag:

NM 001862 ACCN:

ORF Size: 387 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence: OTI Disclaimer: The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202511).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001862.2

RefSeq Size: 523 bp RefSeq ORF: 390 bp Locus ID: 1329 **UniProt ID:** P10606 Cytogenetics: 2q11.2 **Domains:** COX5B





COX5B (NM_001862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC202511L4V

Protein Pathways: Alzheimer's disease, Cardiac muscle contraction, Huntington's disease, Metabolic pathways,

Oxidative phosphorylation, Parkinson's disease

MW: 13.7 kDa

Gene Summary: Cytochrome C oxidase (COX) is the terminal enzyme of the mitochondrial respiratory chain. It

is a multi-subunit enzyme complex that couples the transfer of electrons from cytochrome c to molecular oxygen and contributes to a proton electrochemical gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane. The complex consists of 13 mitochondrial- and nuclear-encoded subunits. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits perform the electron transfer and proton pumping activities. The functions of the nuclear-encoded subunits are unknown but they may play a role in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This gene encodes the nuclear-encoded subunit Vb of the human mitochondrial respiratory chain enzyme. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]