

## Product datasheet for RC202502L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Dopamine Receptor D5 (DRD5) (NM\_000798) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Dopamine Receptor D5 (DRD5) (NM\_000798) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Dopamine Receptor D5
Synonyms: DBDR; DRD1B; DRD1L2

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_000798

 ORF Size:
 1431 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202502).

Sequence:

Cytogenetics:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 000798.3, NP 000789.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2398 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1434 bp

 Locus ID:
 1816

 UniProt ID:
 P21918

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

4p16.1

**Protein Pathways:** Calcium signaling pathway, Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction





Dopamine Receptor D5 (DRD5) (NM\_000798) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC202502L3V

MW: 53 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes the D5 subtype of the dopamine receptor. The D5 subtype is a G-protein

coupled receptor which stimulates adenylyl cyclase. This receptor is expressed in neurons in the limbic regions of the brain. It has a 10-fold higher affinity for dopamine than the D1 subtype. Pseudogenes related to this gene reside on chromosomes 1 and 2. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]