

Product datasheet for RC202450L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Myelin Protein Zero (MPZ) (NM_000530) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Myelin Protein Zero (MPZ) (NM 000530) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Myelin Protein Zero

Synonyms: CHM; CHN2; CMT1; CMT1B; CMT2I; CMT2J; CMT4E; CMTDI3; CMTDID; DSS; HMSNIB; MPP; P0

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

NM 000530

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 774 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Cytogenetics:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202450).

Sequence:

ACCN:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000530.3

 RefSeq Size:
 1980 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 747 bp

 Locus ID:
 4359

 UniProt ID:
 P25189

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

1q23.3

Protein Pathways: Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs)





Myelin Protein Zero (MPZ) (NM_000530) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC202450L1V

MW: 28.5 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene is specifically expressed in Schwann cells of the peripheral nervous system and encodes a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that is a major structural protein of the peripheral myelin sheath. The encoded protein contains a large hydrophobic extracellular domain and a smaller basic intracellular domain, which are essential for the formation and stabilization of the multilamellar structure of the compact myelin. Mutations in this gene are associated with autosomal dominant form of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease type 1 (CMT1B) and other polyneuropathies, such as Dejerine-Sottas syndrome (DSS) and congenital hypomyelinating neuropathy (CHN). A recent study showed that two isoforms are produced from the same mRNA by use of alternative in-frame translation termination codons via a stop codon readthrough mechanism. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]