

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for RC202253L3V

MYD88 (NM_002468) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	MYD88 (NM_002468) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MYD88
Synonyms:	IMD68; MYD88D
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002468
ORF Size:	888 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202253).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 002468.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	2862 bp
RefSeq ORF:	891 bp
Locus ID:	4615
UniProt ID:	<u>Q99836</u>
Cytogenetics:	3p22.2
Domains:	TIR, DEATH
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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GRIGENE MYD88 (NM_002468) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC202253L3V	
Protein Pathways:	Apoptosis, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway
MW:	33.2 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a cytosolic adapter protein that plays a central role in the innate and adaptive immune response. This protein functions as an essential signal transducer in the interleukin-1 and Toll-like receptor signaling pathways. These pathways regulate that activation of numerous proinflammatory genes. The encoded protein consists of an N-terminal death domain and a C-terminal Toll-interleukin1 receptor domain. Patients with defects in this gene have an increased susceptibility to pyogenic bacterial infections. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010]

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