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Product datasheet for RC202231L3V

SEMA4A (NM_022367) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	SEMA4A (NM_022367) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	SEMA4A
Synonyms:	CORD10; RP35; SEMAB; SEMB
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_022367
ORF Size:	2283 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202231).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_022367.2, NP_071762.2
RefSeq Size:	3313 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2286 bp
Locus ID:	64218
UniProt ID:	Q9H3S1
Cytogenetics:	1q22
Domains:	Sema, PSI, PSI
Protein Families:	Transmembrane

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Protein Pathways: Axon guidance

MW: 83.6 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the semaphorin family of soluble and transmembrane proteins. Semaphorins are involved in numerous functions, including axon guidance, morphogenesis, carcinogenesis, and immunomodulation. The encoded protein is a single-pass type I membrane protein containing an immunoglobulin-like C2-type domain, a PSI domain and a sema domain. It inhibits axonal extension by providing local signals to specify territories inaccessible for growing axons. It is an activator of T-cell-mediated immunity and suppresses vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-mediated endothelial cell migration and proliferation in vitro and angiogenesis in vivo. Mutations in this gene are associated with retinal degenerative diseases including retinitis pigmentosa type 35 (RP35) and cone-rod dystrophy type 10 (CORD10). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2010]