

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for RC202206L4V

GALT (NM_000155) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GALT (NM_000155) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GALT
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_000155
ORF Size:	1137 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202206).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 000155.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	1407 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1140 bp
Locus ID:	2592
UniProt ID:	<u>P07902</u>
Cytogenetics:	9p13.3
Domains:	GalP_UDP_transf, GalP_UDP_tr_C
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism, Galactose metabolism, Metabolic pathways



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MW:	43.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	Galactose-1-phosphate uridyl transferase (GALT) catalyzes the second step of the Leloir pathway of galactose metabolism, namely the conversion of UDP-glucose + galactose-1- phosphate to glucose-1-phosphate + UDP-galactose. The absence of this enzyme results in classic galactosemia in humans and can be fatal in the newborn period if lactose is not removed from the diet. The pathophysiology of galactosemia has not been clearly defined. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012]

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