

Product datasheet for RC202125L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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TCIRG1 (NM_006019) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TCIRG1 (NM 006019) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TCIRG1

Synonyms: a3; Atp6i; ATP6N1C; ATP6V0A3; OC-116kDa; OC116; OPTB1; Stv1; TIRC7; Vph1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_006019 **ORF Size:** 2490 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202125).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 006019.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2727 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2493 bp

 Locus ID:
 10312

 UniProt ID:
 Q13488

 Cytogenetics:
 11q13.2

Domains: V_ATPase_sub_a **Protein Families:** Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Lysosome, Metabolic pathways,

Oxidative phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

MW: 93 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a subunit of a large protein complex known as a vacuolar H+-ATPase (V-

ATPase). The protein complex acts as a pump to move protons across the membrane. This movement of protons helps regulate the pH of cells and their surrounding environment. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, and receptor-mediated endocytosis. V-ATPase is comprised of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Mutations in this gene are associated with infantile

malignant osteopetrosis. [provided by RefSeq, May 2017]