

## Product datasheet for RC202014L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TSPAN6 (NM\_003270) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TSPAN6 (NM 003270) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TSPAN6

**Synonyms:** T245; TM4SF6; TSPAN-6

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 003270

ORF Size: 735 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC202014).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 003270.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3833 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 738 bp

 Locus ID:
 7105

 UniProt ID:
 043657

 Cytogenetics:
 Xq22.1

**Domains:** transmembrane4

**Protein Families:** Transmembrane







**MW:** 27.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. The protein encoded by this gene is a cell surface glycoprotein and is highly similar in sequence to the transmembrane 4 superfamily member 2 protein. It functions as a negative regulator of retinoic acid-inducible gene I-like receptor-mediated immune signaling via its interaction with the mitochondrial antiviral signaling-centered signalosome. This gene uses alternative polyadenylation sites, and multiple transcript variants result from alternative splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]