

Product datasheet for RC201993L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GABA A Receptor beta 3 (GABRB3) (NM_000814) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: GABA A Receptor beta 3 (GABRB3) (NM 000814) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GABA A Receptor beta 3

Synonyms: DEE43; ECA5; EIEE43

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_000814 **ORF Size:** 1419 bp

ORF Nucleotide

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Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201993).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000814.4

 RefSeq Size:
 5811 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1422 bp

 Locus ID:
 2562

 UniProt ID:
 P28472

 Cytogenetics:
 15q12

Domains: Neur_chan_memb, Neur_chan_LBD

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 54.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the ligand-gated ionic channel family. The encoded protein is

one the subunits of a multi-subunit chloride channel that serves as the receptor for gamma-aminobutyric acid, a major inhibitory neurotransmitter of the mammalian nervous system. This gene is located on the long arm of chromosome 15 in a cluster with two other genes encoding related subunits of the family. This gene may be associated with the pathogenesis of several disorders including Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, nonsyndromic orofacial clefts, epilepsy and autism. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct

isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]